SM 1500 with Power Sink Option

2 Quadrant operation: Source and Sink

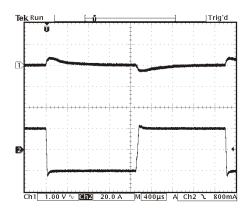


SM52-AR-60

The power sink option permits the power supply to absorb bursts of power fed back to the unit. An internal module senses the status of power supply and sinks current across the output terminals, thus maintaining a constant output voltage.

The Power Sink Option allows a faster response when the power supply is step programmed to a lower voltage at small load conditions.

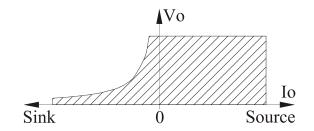
- Can absorb 200 W peak power
- Maintains output voltage setting regardless output power is positive or negative (source and sink)
- Ideal solution for supplying electric motors with PWM-speed control. These systems often return power to the power supply during a braking action
- Ideal solution for ATE systems requiring fast down programming at no load conditions
- · Generation Automotive waveforms (fast)

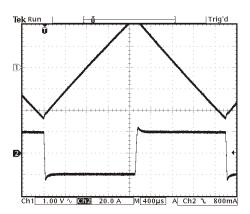


SM35-45 **with** Power Sink Option Current – 20 A means the load delivers 20 A to the power supply (sink operation)

Upper trace: output voltage Lower trace: output current (current switching from +20 A to -20 A at Vo=6 V)

Models	Order Code		
SM 15-100	P202		
SM 35-45	P203		
SM 52-30	P204		
SM 52-AR-60	P205		
SM 70-22	P206		



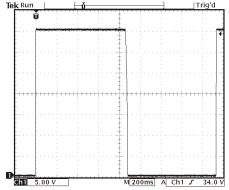


SM35-45 without Power Sink Option The output voltage is out of control when the output current is negative

Upper trace: output voltage Lower trace: output current (current switching from +20 A to -20 A at Vo=6 V) DELTA ELEKTRONIKA BV SM1500 - P202- 206

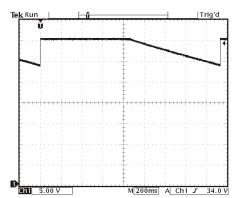
Power Sink Specifications	SM15-100 option P202	SM35-45 option P203	SM52-30 option P204	SM52-AR-60 option P205	SM70-22 option P206		
Sink Power Rating max. peak power (electronically limited) max. continuous power (T _{amb} . = 25 °C) max. continuous power (T _{amb} . = 50 °C)	200 W 175 W 90 W						
Max. duration Sink Peak Power $P_{sink} = 200 \text{ W}, T_{amb.} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	max.t _{on} =60 s, following t _{off} =400 s (for cooling down)						
Duty Cycle for use at Peak Power P _{sink} = 200 W, T _{amb} . = 25 °C P _{sink} <= 200 W, t _{on} <= 20 s	$t_{on} \le 20 \text{ s } / t_{off} \ge 10 \text{ s}$ average power $\le 175 \text{ W}$						
t_{on} = time, power dissipation is > 0 W t_{off} = time, power dissipation is 0 W P_{av} = P_{peak} * t_{on} / (t_{off} + t_{on})							
Max. Sink Current $(V_o >= 2 \text{ V and } P <= 200 \text{ W})$	Limited at 40 A	Limited at 40 A	Limited at 30 A	Limited at 40 A	Limitedat30A		
Protection	Electronic Power Limit (200 W) limits the current. The temperature of the power sink is fan controlled and the circuit shuts down in case of thermal overload.						
Recovery time / Deviation Vo = 6 V, I₀: +40 A → −15 A recovery within 100 mV / deviation:	di/dt=-1.7 A/μs 300 μs/0.20 V	di/dt=-1.7 A/μs 500μs/0.45 V	-	di/dt=-1.7 A/μs 700 μs/0.50 V	-		
Vo = 15 V, I_o : +25 A \rightarrow -8 A recovery within 100 mV / deviation:	di/dt=-1.6 A/μs 500 μs/0.15 V	di/dt=-1.6 A/μs 600 μs/0.40 V	di/dt=-1.6 A/μs 640 μs/0.70 V	di/dt=-1.3 A/μs 900 μs/0.45 V	-		
Vo = 35 V, I_o : +20 A \rightarrow -3 A recovery within 100 mV / deviation:	-	di/dt=-1.3 A/μs 1.10 ms/0.35 V	di/dt=-1.3 A/μs 800 μs/0.60 V	di/dt=-0.83 A/μs 1.30 ms/0.35 V	di/dt=-1.3 A/μs 800 μs/0.70 V		
Vo = 52 V, I_o : +10 A \rightarrow -2 A recovery within 100 mV / deviation:	-	-	di/dt=-0.7 A/μs 800 μs/0.60 V	di/dt=-0.6 A/μs 1.90 ms/0.35 V	di/dt=-0.6 A/μs 1.00 ms/0.70 V		
Vo = 70 V, I_o : +10 A \rightarrow -1 A recovery within 100 mV / deviation:	-	-	-	-	di/dt=-0.6 A/μs 1.20 ms/0.50 V		
(load current switches from positive to negative)	note: values are typical	note: values are typical	note: values are typical	note: values are typical	note: values are typical		
Programming Down Speed Fall time at no load (90 - 10%) Fall time at no load without Power Sink	(15→0 V) 8 ms 2 s	(35→0V) 18 ms 5.5 s	(52→0 V) 10 ms 4 s	(26/52→0V) 10ms/45ms 4s/7.5s	(70→0V) 18 ms 5.5 s		
Unit with Fast Programming Option Fall time at no load (90 - 10%) Fall time at no load <i>without Power Sink</i>	P202+P211 320μs 60ms	P203+P212 570μs 200 ms	P204+P212 650μs 270ms	P205+P213 550μs/1.2ms 170ms/550ms	P206+P214 1.0 ms 550 ms		
Parallel and Series operation Refer to power sink manual for details and restrictions.	Using multiple units in parallel operation, only one unit can have a power sink. Using multiple units in series operation, all units must have a power sink.						

- The maximum sink current at higher voltages will not be the maximum specified current due to the power limit.
 For example at 30 V the maximum sink current will only be 6.7 A (30 V x 6.7 A = 200 W = maximum power).
- A higher sink current than the maximum current will cause the output voltage to rise.



SM35-45 with Power Sink Option fast discharge of output capacitors by the power sink circuit

trace: output voltage Voltage Programming Speed at NO LOAD



SM35-45 **without** Power Sink Option slow response time during voltage step down, time needed to discharge the output capacitors

trace: output voltage Voltage Programming Speed at NO LOAD